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Fluvial Geomorphology Toolbox

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Fluvial Geomorphology Toolbox



FluvialGeomorph

Install R packages

🧗 02 - Burn Cutlines

03 - Contributing Area

04b - Slope and Sinuosity 05 - Create Flowline 06 - Stream Profile Points 07 - Detrend DEM 08 - Bankfull Polygon

🥞 04 - Stream Network 📝 04a - Stream Network Points

09 - Channel Slope

3 12 - XS Watershed Area

3 15 - XS Dimensions

3 20 - Point Landcover

19 - Estimate Bankfull
20 - Longitudinal Profile
22 - XS Metrics Plot

□ Solution
 □ Solution

3 18 - XS Plot

3 13 - XS Assign River Position

14 - XS Create Station Points

16 - Reach Bankfull GOF Graph
17 - Reach Geometry Graph

3 10 - Centerline

3 11 - XS Layout

R Install Info

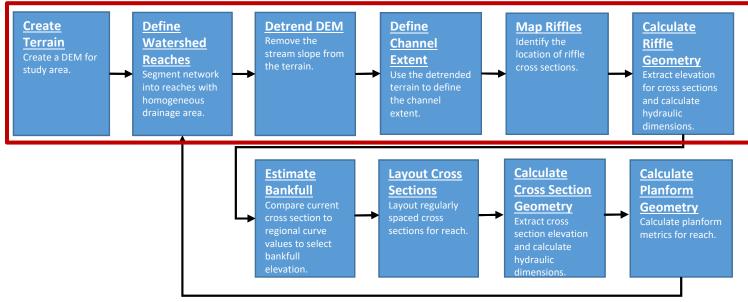
No 02 - Tools

Toolbox

FluvialGeomorph.tbx

01 - Install

Workflow: Rapid Watershed Assessment for Un-Gaged Streams



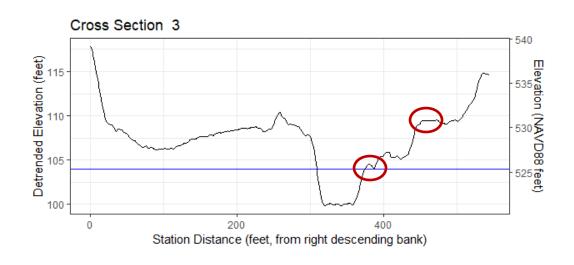
Repeat for each watershed reach

- GIS analysts follow the workflow
- Use the ArcGIS FluvialGeomorph toolbox tools to complete each task
- R used in the background to perform calculations, graphing, and reporting



Inspect Cross Sections





- Detrended elevation is on the left y-axis
- Actual elevation is on the right y-axis
- The black line represents the terrain surface
- The blue line represents the estimated bankfull elevation.

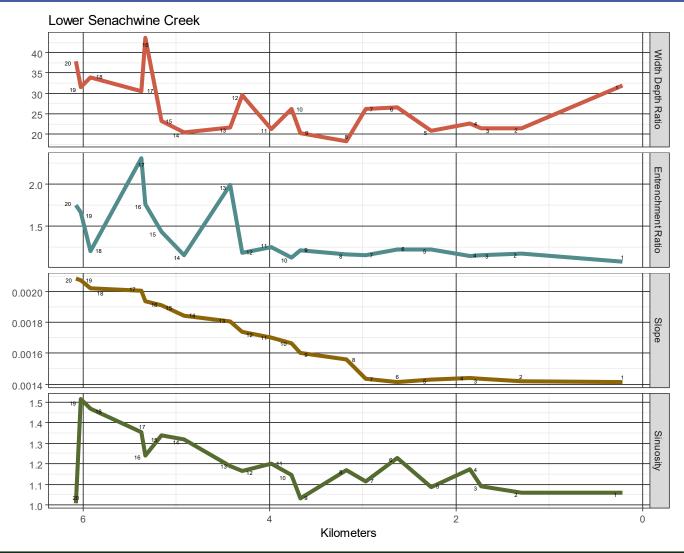
From the previous slides we saw that for this reach detrended elevation 104 minimized mean average error between measured cross-section dimensions and estimates from regional curves.

- This approach helps to distinguish between multiple geomorphic indicators.
- Allows geomorphic indicators to be rapidly compared between cross-sections.
- Helps ensure consistency in bankfull indicator selection throughout a reach.



Reach Metrics Graph





Standard reach metrics are calculated and specialized graphs are created to:

- compare related metrics
- aid rapid interpretation
- facilitate PDT integration of disparate metrics





Predicting Fish Habitat using FluvialGeomorph



Research Question

Can fish habitat (measured using fish community data) be predicted using fluvial geomorphic characteristics?

Dependent Variables

Fish community data collected for the MN Index of Biological Indicator (IBI) will be used as response variables (e.g., species richness, IBI, etc.).

Independent Variables

FluvialGeomorph calculated metrics will be used as predictor variables (e.g., W/D, entrenchment ratio, slope, sinuosity, stream power, etc.).

Current Efforts

Preparing terrain data and calculating FluvialGeomorph metrics for a stratified sample of ~100 MN IBI sampling sites.



Summary: Watershed Assessment Planning Tool



- Developed and continue to refine and test a new watershed assessment tool-FluvialGeomorph
- FluvialGeomorph is an R package based GIS toolbox to make watershed planning and assessments efficient, cost effective, and less-time consuming.
- Tools will be transferable wherever appropriate terrain data exists.
- Testing in different regions of US
- Assessing Minnesota River Fisheries habitat data and the ability to predict habitat relationships from FluvialGeomorph