

EWN Webinar



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TERNEUZEN STRATEGY
REGIONAL COLLABORATION
CONCLUDING REMARKS

Dow's priority water stressed sites

"water tools" - WBCSD, Aquaduct

- Potable

Dow's Sustainability Goal #7: World-Leading Operations Performance

By 2025, Dow will reduce its freshwater intake intensity at key water stressed sites and its waste intensity footprint by 20 percent.

Dow's water vision:

- Sustainable water use and managament
- Innovative technologies
- Set new levels for efficient water use
- Creative partnerships



Site specific:

- (Fresh) water availability
 - Location (sea, river, inland, local climate)
 - Surrounding
 - industry, cities, rural area
 - nature, recreation
- Focused on process (footprint reduction)
- Minimize wastewater to be treated
- Zero liquid discharge (when it makes sense)





Dow Terneuzen

NO WATER TO WASTE

Engineering with nature

I-Parc Dow Terneuzen

Quick Facts

- Second biggest Dow site globally
- 440 hectares
- 3,200 employees
- 17 Plants incl. 3 Ethylene crackers
- 800+ different chemicals and plastics
- 85% of products exported
- Located in a Water Stressed Delta
- Fresh Water Annual Use is 22 million m³

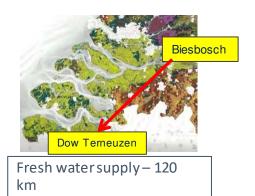




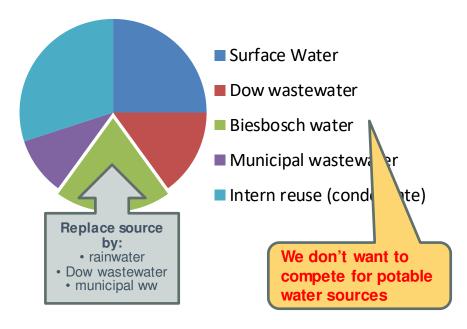
- 1-2 Million M³ water locally sourced
- Most water sourced remotely: pipeline ~120km
- Surface & Ground water mildly brackish



Terneuzen Water Management – annual water use 22 million m³ 75% reuse is realized → 100% by 2024 (SG #7)







- → reduce Dow's water footprint
- → self provisioning region



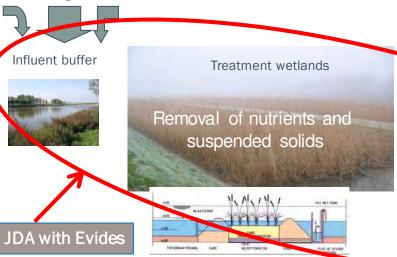
Google man

(treated) waste water, diffuse discharges, rain water

Regional Robust Water system (multi stakeholder project)

Keyattributes

- Surplus of 100 million m³ of mildly brackish water is discharged annually
- Save scarce potable water sources by using local alternatives
- Nature, landscape and recreation will benefit.





Hydraulic buffering





Mild desalination



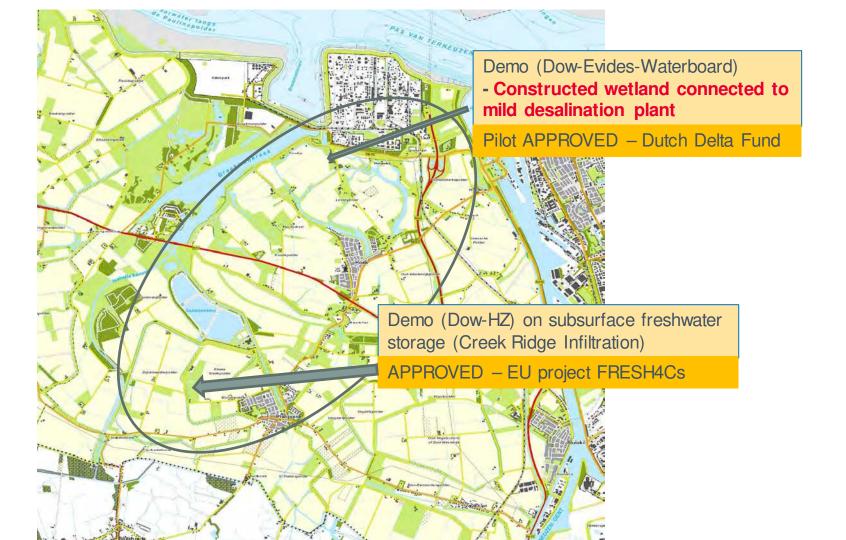










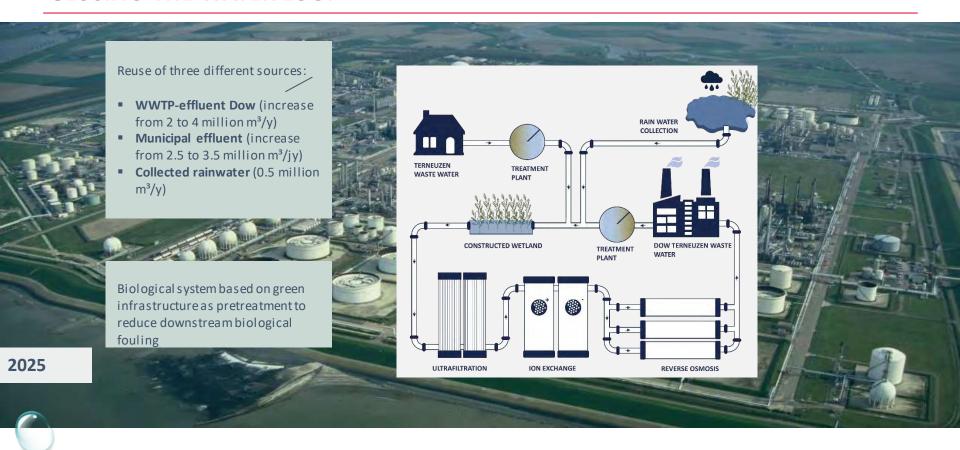


Realization as part of new 20-yr water supply contract with Evides Industriewater

Technical concept characteristics

- Addressing the need for higher degree of reliability and robustness, meeting future water quality objectives
- High quality CT make-up water represents an excellent business case for downstream facilities
- Collected experience of DW&PS SME's, Dow sites and external, current Evides water plant and preceding E4Water (EU study) results
- Wetlands for feed stream equalization and biological stabilization
 - Cost savings vs. alternatives (BACF) in chemicals, energy, and O&M
 - Adds to Nature Goal (hybrid between green and gray)

CLOSING THE WATER LOOP



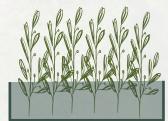


A STEP FURTHER: ENGINEERING WITH NATURE



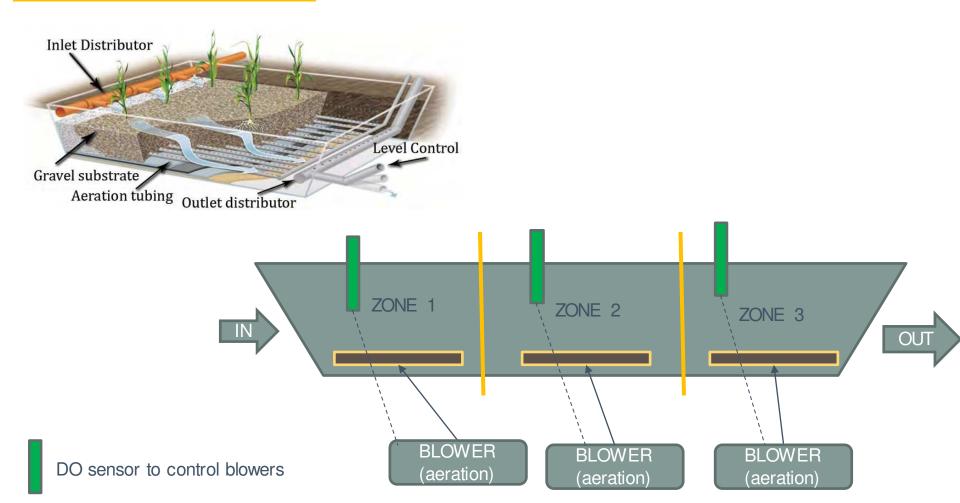
Why WETLANDS?

Reduce use of chemicals and energy in conventional treatment systems





PRINCIPLE AERATED WETLAND



"A high tech wetland"



Wetland operation and control



Blowers



Nitratax sensor



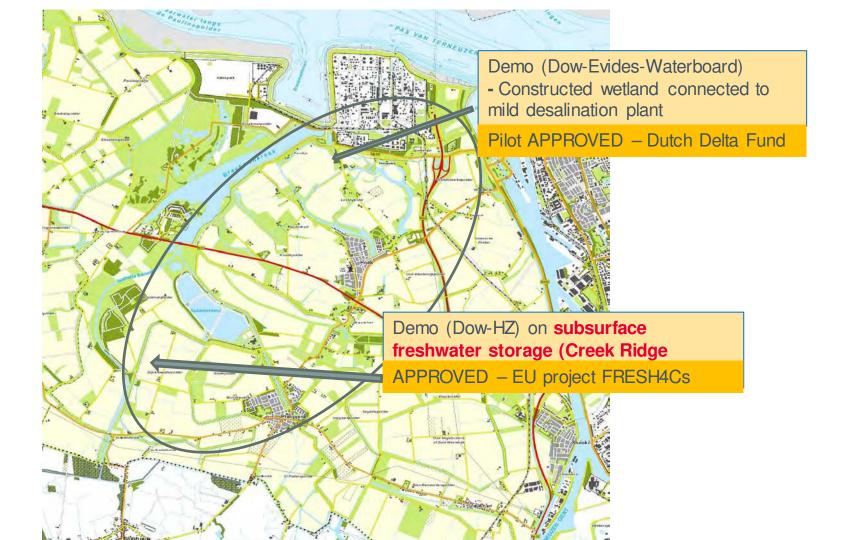
UV Sensor



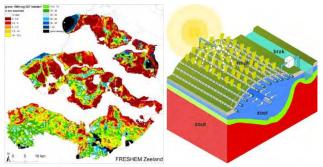
Amtax sampler measuring ammonium



DO and temperature probes



Deltares



Sustainable fresh water supply using subsurface





FRESH4Cs alms for sustainable alternative water resources for all users in coastal areas through the demonstration and replication of technologies for water buffering and water reuse.

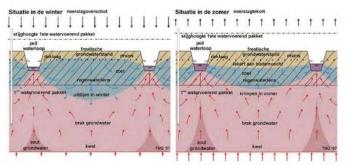
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Boundary conditions

Creek ridge infiltration System opportunities

- · Sandy creek ridge
- Presence of a fresh water lens in saline area
- Growth opportunities (sandy layers underneath)
- Agricultural land use
- Natural infiltration (no seepage)
- Groundwater level sufficiently low (unsaturated zone available)





Map of suitable areas for CRI

- green areas fulfill all criteria for CRI
- dashed areas identified for field measurements and demo in 2021/2022

Collaboration with agriculture, so that also farmers can benefit in periods of drought

Target 0.5 – 1 million m³



NEXT STEPS









Seek

Together